

More mobility for the world



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Challenges and requirements for materials and manufacturing technologies in Maintenance and Repair of commercial Aircraft

The Lufthansa Group and its five business segments

EH 3682 EH 4182 Abflug Departures	Passenger Transportation	The Group's airlines rank among the world's leading carriers.
	Logistics	Lufthansa Cargo – One of the world's leading cargo carrier in international air traffic.
	Lufthansa Technik Maintenance, Repair, Overhaul	Lufthansa Technik – Leading supplier of engineering services in the world's airline business.
	Catering	LSG Sky Chefs – World's largest provider of airline catering and integrated in-flight solutions.
5 6 7 8 9	IT Services	Lufthansa Systems – One of the world's leading IT service providers for the airline and aviation industry.



Lufthansa Technik Group: An overview



- 772 customers worldwide
- 2.125 aircraft under exclusive contracts
- 2.236 engines under contract
- 500 jetliners under Total Technical Support TTS[®]
- 1.700 aircraft inspections per day
- **32** subsidiaries and affiliates worldwide
- **58** line maintenance stations with Lufthansa Technik staff worldwide
- 4.1 billion Euros in revenue*
- 19.822 employees worldwide*

*Lufthansa Technik AG Germany and 20 consolidated companies of Lufthansa Technik Group in 2011.



Requirements towards aircraft manufacturers

From Airline perspective

- More efficient engines
- Less weight
- Better aerodynamics
- Innovative cabin interior

Solution: Introduction of

- New, lighter materials
- New systems and technologies

From maintenance perspective

- Short downtimes for checks
- High reliability
- Fast failure detection
- Easy to repair

Sometimes contradictory







Life Cycle Support



(**M**) Modification & Management



Usage of composite material in aircraft

New Generation of Commercial long range wide body aircraft



A350 EIS scheduled for 2013

Approx. 50% composite-materials structure



Challenge Detection

Detection of structural Damages – a Challenge





- Hail-, bird- and lightning strike
- Runway debris
- Blunt-impact damage
- Fluid ingression





Risk of severe internal damages, externally invisible

Strong need for technique to quickly detect internal damages over wide areas



Challenge: Repair of composite structure

- Standardized repairs available only for minor damages
- Quality of a repair is extremely process dependant – manualy preparation of scarfed repair areas is time consuming
- Standardized repairs available only for minor damages

 LHT has longtime experience on different composite repair techniques





Rapid Bonded Repair Process

- Automatic process
- High process reliability
- Reproducible scarfing
- Rapid Tooling
- Higher bonding quality
- Precise patches
- out of autoclave curing
- Bonded repairs on primary structures



Curing

Surface Contamination Detection

Rapid Tooling

Patch generation





More efficient engines Protection coating

- Problem
 - huge sign of wear for engines flown in specific environment
- Target
 - Reduce drag by developing thin coatings and application procedure
- Effect
 - Less performance loss i.e. less fuel burn





Reduce cost and turn around time for complex repairs challenge...

- Define and develop appropriate repairs instead of scrapping
- Repair of complex parts
- Many different detection and repair steps needed
- Repair steps performed in different units and locations
- Target:
 - Safe the part
 - Reduce Turn Around Time
 - Minimize material cost





Reduce cost and turn around time for difficult repairs Adaptive machining





Reducing weight Use of lightweight material for unit repair (1)

- Motivation
 - Materials and production technology of components in actual aircrafts (i. e. 737, 747, A320, A340) reflect technical status of early 80th !!
 - These aircraft will be in use for many more years
- Target
 - Weight reduction of aircraft components in actual aircraft by using lighter materials for component parts during repair of component





Reducing weight Use of lightweight material for unit repair (2)

- Challenges
 - Identification of suited material (Polymer, Composites, metallic foams, etc.)
 - Compatibility of different material (corrosion, thermal coefficient, ...)
 - Fitting technologies(welding procedures, other junction techniques, ...)
 - component life time
 - new production technologies (i.e. Laser sinter)



Thank you for your attention



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Lockheed L1649A "Super Star" der Lufthansa im Flug.

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